

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A signal processing apparatus for processing an image signal comprising:
  - a hue difference detector for detecting a hue difference between adjoining pixels; and
  - 5 luminance edge enhancement means for enhancing an edge pixel in an image by amplifying an edge luminance signal by a gain determined on the basis of the hue difference detected by said hue difference detector.

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2. The signal processing apparatus according to claim 1, wherein said luminance edge enhancement means reduces the gain as the hue difference increases.

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3. The signal processing apparatus according to claim 1, wherein said hue difference detector includes:

hue angle acquisition means for acquiring a hue angle of each pixel;

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a subtractor for obtaining a hue angle difference between adjoining pixels; and

diffusion means for diffusing the hue angle difference.

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4. The signal processing apparatus according to claim 3, wherein said subtractor obtains hue angle differences between a pixel of interest and its

adjoining pixels in the horizontal and vertical directions, and the hue angle difference of the pixel of interest is obtained by adding the hue angle differences in the horizontal and vertical directions.

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5. The signal processing apparatus according to claim 3, wherein said subtractor obtains a hue angle difference between a pixel of interest and its adjoining pixel in the oblique direction.

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6. The signal processing apparatus according to claim 3, wherein said diffusion means compares an absolute value of the hue angle difference between pixels of interest to an absolute value of the hue angle difference between neighbor pixels, and performs the diffusion when the absolute value of the hue angle difference between the pixels of interest is greater than the absolute value of the hue angle difference between the neighbor pixels.

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7. The signal processing apparatus according to claim 3, wherein said hue angle difference acquisition means calculates the hue angle using a color difference signal.

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8. A signal processing apparatus for processing an image signal comprising:

a hue difference detector for detecting a hue difference between adjoining pixels;

a plurality of luminance signal generators for generating a plurality of luminance signals by applying 5 different processing on an input luminance signal;

a selector for selecting one of the plurality of luminance signals on the basis of the hue difference detected by said hue difference detector; and

10 a processor for applying a predetermined signal process on the luminance signal selected by said selector.

9. The signal processing apparatus according to claim 8, wherein said plurality of luminance signal generators include a first generator for generating a first luminance signal and a second generator for generating a second luminance signal, and said selector outputs the first luminance signal when the hue difference detected by said hue difference detector is less than or equal to a predetermined value and outputs the second luminance signal when the hue difference is greater than the predetermined value.

10. The signal processing apparatus according  
25 to claim 9, wherein said first generator generates the  
first luminance signal on the basis of a plurality of  
color signals outputted from an image sensing element.

11. The signal processing apparatus according  
to claim 9, wherein said second generator applies  
adaptive interpolation to green signals to generate a  
5 luminance signal, and replaces a low frequency  
component of the interpolated luminance signal with a  
low frequency component of the first luminance signal  
to generate the second luminance signal.

10 12. The signal processing apparatus according  
to claim 11, wherein said second generator includes:  
an adaptive interpolator;  
a high pass filter for extracting a high  
frequency component of an output signal from said  
15 adaptive interpolator;  
a low pass filter for extracting a low frequency  
component of an output signal from said first  
generator; and  
an adder for adding an output signal from said  
20 high pass filter and an output signal from said low  
pass filter.

13. The signal processing apparatus according  
to claim 9, wherein said first and second generators  
25 respectively generates said first and second luminance  
signals by sampling the image signal at spatial  
frequencies different from each other.

14. The signal processing apparatus according to claim 13, wherein said second generator samples the image signal to generate the second luminance signal at 5 a lower spatial frequency than a spatial frequency used by said first generator.

15. The signal processing apparatus according to claim 9, wherein said first and second generators 10 respectively generate the first and second luminance signals by different ratios of color components of the image signal from each other.

16. The signal processing apparatus according 15 to claim 9, wherein said second generator generates the second luminance signal by using a less number of color components of the image signal than a number of color components used by said first generator to generate the first luminance signal.

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17. The signal processing apparatus according to claim 8, wherein said hue difference detector includes:

hue angle acquisition means for acquiring a hue 25 angle of each pixel;

a subtractor for obtaining a hue angle difference between adjoining pixels; and

diffusion means for diffusing the hue angle difference.

18. The signal processing apparatus according  
5 to claim 17, wherein said subtractor obtains hue angle  
differences between a pixel of interest and its  
adjoining pixels in the horizontal and vertical  
directions, and the hue angle difference of the pixel  
of interest is obtained by adding the hue angle  
10 differences in the horizontal and vertical directions.

19. The signal processing apparatus according  
to claim 17, wherein said subtractor obtains a hue  
angle difference between a pixel of interest and its  
15 adjoining pixel in the oblique direction.

20. The signal processing apparatus according  
to claim 17, wherein said diffusion means compares an  
absolute value of the hue angle difference between  
20 pixels of interest to an absolute value of the hue  
angle difference between neighbor pixels, and performs  
the diffusion when the absolute value of the hue angle  
difference between the pixels of interest is greater  
than the absolute value of the hue angle difference  
25 between the neighbor pixels.

21. The signal processing apparatus according

to claim 17, wherein said hue angle difference acquisition means calculates the hue angle using a color difference signal.

5           22. A signal processing apparatus for processing an image signal comprising:

              a hue difference detector for detecting a hue difference between adjoining pixels;

10          a plurality of luminance signal generators for generating a plurality of luminance signals by applying different processing on an input luminance signal;

15          operation means for operating the plurality of luminance signals using a value obtained on the basis of the hue difference detected by said hue difference detector and outputting an operation result; and

              a processor for applying a predetermined signal process on the operation result outputted from said operation means.

20          23. The signal processing apparatus according to claim 22, wherein said plurality of luminance signal generators include a first generator for generating a first luminance signal and a second generator for generating a second luminance signal, and said operation means obtains a first and second coefficients on the basis of the hue difference, multiplies the first luminance signal by the first coefficient,

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multiplies the second luminance signal by the second coefficient, and adds the products.

24. The signal processing apparatus according  
5 to claim 23, wherein a sum of the first and second  
coefficients are constant.

25. The signal processing apparatus according  
to claim 23, wherein said first generator generates the  
10 first luminance signal on the basis of a plurality of  
color signals outputted from an image sensing element.

26. The signal processing apparatus according  
to claim 23, wherein said second generator applies  
15 adaptive interpolation to green signals to generate a  
luminance signal, and replaces a low frequency  
component of the interpolated luminance signal with a  
low frequency component of the first luminance signal  
to generate the second luminance signal.

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27. The signal processing apparatus according  
to claim 26, wherein said second generator includes:  
an adaptive interpolator;  
a high pass filter for extracting a high  
25 frequency component of an output signal from said  
adaptive interpolator;  
a low pass filter for extracting a low frequency

component of an output signal from said first generator; and

an adder for adding an output signal from said high pass filter and an output signal from said low 5 pass filter.

28. The signal processing apparatus according to claim 23, wherein said first and second generators respectively generates said first and second luminance 10 signals by sampling the image signal at spatial frequencies different from each other.

29. The signal processing apparatus according to claim 28, wherein said second generator samples the 15 image signal to generate the second luminance signal at a lower spatial frequency than a spatial frequency used by said first generator.

30. The signal processing apparatus according 20 to claim 23, wherein said first and second generators respectively generate the first and second luminance signals by different ratios of color components of the image signal from each other.

25 31. The signal processing apparatus according to claim 23, wherein said second generator generates the second luminance signal by using a less number of

color components of the image signal than a number of color components used by said first generator to generate the first luminance signal.

5        32. The signal processing apparatus according to claim 22, wherein said hue difference detector includes:

hue angle acquisition means for acquiring a hue angle of each pixel;

10        a subtractor for obtaining a hue angle difference between adjoining pixels; and

diffusion means for diffusing the hue angle difference.

15        33. The signal processing apparatus according to claim 32, wherein said subtractor obtains hue angle differences between a pixel of interest and its adjoining pixels in the horizontal and vertical directions, and the hue angle difference of the pixel 20 of interest is obtained by adding the hue angle differences in the horizontal and vertical directions.

25        34. The signal processing apparatus according to claim 32, wherein said subtractor obtains a hue angle difference between a pixel of interest and its adjoining pixel in the oblique direction.

35. The signal processing apparatus according to claim 32, wherein said diffusion means compares an absolute value of the hue angle difference between pixels of interest to an absolute value of the hue angle difference between neighbor pixels, and performs the diffusion when the absolute value of the hue angle difference between the pixels of interest is greater than the absolute value of the hue angle difference between the neighbor pixels.

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36. The signal processing apparatus according to claim 32, wherein said hue angle difference acquisition means calculates the hue angle using a color difference signal.

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37. A signal processing method for processing an image signal comprising:

a hue difference detection step of detecting a hue difference between adjoining pixels; and

20 a luminance edge enhancement step of enhancing an edge pixel in an image by amplifying an edge luminance signal by a gain determined on the basis of the hue difference detected at said hue difference detection step.

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38. The signal processing method according to claim 37, wherein, in said luminance edge enhancement

step, the gain is reduced as the hue difference increases.

39. The signal processing method according to  
5 claim 37, wherein said hue difference detection step  
includes:

a hue angle acquisition step of acquiring a hue angle of each pixel;

10 a subtracting step of obtaining a hue angle difference between adjoining pixels; and

a diffusion step of diffusing the hue angle difference.

40. The signal processing method according to  
15 claim 39, wherein said subtraction step comprises:

a step of obtaining a hue angle difference between a pixel of interest and its adjoining pixel in the horizontal direction;

20 a step of obtaining a hue angle difference between the pixel of interest and its adjoining pixel in the vertical direction; and

a step of adding the hue angle differences in the horizontal and vertical directions.

25 41. The signal processing method according to  
claim 39, wherein, in said subtraction step, a hue angle difference between a pixel of interest and its

adjoining pixel in the oblique direction is obtained.

42. The signal processing method according to  
claim 39, wherein, in said diffusion step, an absolute  
5 value of the hue angle difference between pixels of  
interest is compared to an absolute value of the hue  
angle difference of neighbor pixels, and when the  
absolute value of the hue angle difference of the  
pixels of interest is greater than the absolute value  
10 of the hue angle difference of the neighbor pixels, the  
diffusion is performed.

43. The signal processing method according to  
claim 39, wherein, in said hue angle difference  
15 acquisition step, the hue angle is calculated using a  
color difference signal.

44. A signal processing method for processing  
an image signal comprising:

20 a hue difference detection step of detecting a  
hue difference between adjoining pixels;

a plurality of luminance signal generation steps  
of generating a plurality of luminance signals by  
applying different processing on an input luminance  
25 signal;

a selection step of selecting one of the  
plurality of luminance signals on the basis of the hue

difference detected in said hue difference detection step; and

5 a processing step of applying a predetermined signal process on the luminance signal selected in said selection step.

45. The signal processing method according to claim 44, wherein said plurality of luminance signal generation steps include a first generation step of 10 generating a first luminance signal and a second generation step of generating a second luminance signal, and in said selection step, the first luminance signal is outputted when the hue difference detected in said hue difference detection step is less than or equal to 15 a predetermined value and the second luminance signal is outputted when the hue difference is greater than the predetermined value.

46. The signal processing method according to 20 claim 45, wherein, in said first generation step, the first luminance signal is generated on the basis of a plurality of color signals outputted from an image sensing element.

25 47. The signal processing method according to claim 45, wherein, in said second generation step, adaptive interpolation is applied to green signals to

generate a luminance signal, and a low frequency component of the interpolated luminance signal is replaced by a low frequency component of the first luminance signal to generate the second luminance signal.

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48. The signal processing method according to claim 47, wherein said second generation step includes:  
an adaptive interpolation step;  
10 a high pass filtering step of extracting a high frequency component of an output signal obtained in said adaptive interpolation step;  
a low pass filtering step of extracting a low frequency component of an output signal obtained in  
15 said first generation step; and  
an addition step of adding a signal outputted in said high pass filtering step and a signal outputted in said low pass filtering step.

20 49. The signal processing method according to claim 45, wherein, in said first and second generation steps, said first and second luminance signals are respectively generated by sampling the image signal at spatial frequencies different from each other.

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50. The signal processing method according to claim 49, wherein, in said second generation step, the

image signal is sampled to generate the second luminance signal at a lower spatial frequency than a spatial frequency used in said first generation step.

5        51. The signal processing method according to claim 45, wherein, in said first and second generation steps, the first and second luminance signals are respectively generated by different ratios of color components of the image signal from each other.

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10        52. The signal processing method according to claim 45, wherein, in said second generation step, the second luminance signal is generated by using a less number of color components of the image signal than a 15 number of color components used in said first generation step to generate the first luminance signal.

15        53. The signal processing method according to claim 44, wherein said hue difference detection step 20 includes:

20        a hue angle acquisition step of acquiring a hue angle of each pixel;  
25        a subtracting step of obtaining a hue angle difference between adjoining pixels; and  
30        a diffusion step of diffusing the hue angle difference.

54. The signal processing method according to  
claim 53, wherein said subtraction step comprises:

a step of obtaining a hue angle difference  
between a pixel of interest and its adjoining pixel in  
5 the horizontal direction;

a step of obtaining a hue angle difference  
between the pixel of interest and its adjoining pixel  
in the vertical direction; and

10 a step of adding the hue angle differences in the  
horizontal and vertical directions.

55. The signal processing method according to  
claim 53, wherein, in said subtraction step, a hue  
angle difference between a pixel of interest and its  
15 adjoining pixel in the oblique direction is obtained.

56. The signal processing method according to  
claim 53, wherein, in said diffusion step, an absolute  
value of the hue angle difference between pixels of  
20 interest is compared to an absolute value of the hue  
angle difference of neighbor pixels, and when the  
absolute value of the hue angle difference of the  
pixels of interest is greater than the absolute value  
of the hue angle difference of the neighbor pixels, the  
25 diffusion is performed.

57. The signal processing method according to

claim 53, wherein, in said hue angle difference acquisition step, the hue angle is calculated using a color difference signal.

5 58. A signal processing method for processing an image signal comprising:

a hue difference detection step of detecting a hue difference between adjoining pixels;

10 a plurality of luminance signal generation steps of generating a plurality of luminance signals by applying different processing on an input luminance signal;

15 an operation step of operating the plurality of luminance signals using a value obtained on the basis of the hue difference detected in said hue difference detection steps and outputting an operation result; and

a processing step of applying a predetermined signal process on the operation result outputted in said operation step.

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59. The signal processing method according to claim 58, wherein said plurality of luminance signal generation steps include a first generation step of generating a first luminance signal and a second generation step of generating a second luminance signal, and said operation step comprises:

a step of acquiring a first and second

coefficients on the basis of the hue difference;  
a step of multiplying the first luminance signal  
by the first coefficient;  
a step of multiplying the second luminance signal  
5 by the second coefficient; and  
a step of adding the products.

60. The signal processing method according to  
claim 59, wherein a sum of the first and second  
10 coefficients are constant.

61. The signal processing method according to  
claim 59, wherein, in said first generation step, the  
first luminance signal is generated on the basis of a  
15 plurality of color signals outputted from an image  
sensing element.

62. The signal processing method according to  
claim 59, wherein, in said second generation step,  
20 adaptive interpolation is applied to green signals to  
generate a luminance signal, and a low frequency  
component of the interpolated luminance signal is  
replaced by a low frequency component of the first  
luminance signal to generate the second luminance  
25 signal.

63. The signal processing method according to

claim 62, wherein said second generation step includes:  
an adaptive interpolation step;  
a high pass filtering step of extracting a high  
frequency component of an output signal obtained in  
5 said adaptive interpolation step;  
a low pass filtering step of extracting a low  
frequency component of an output signal obtained in  
said first generation step; and  
an addition step of adding a signal outputted in  
10 said high pass filtering step and a signal outputted in  
said low pass filtering step.

64. The signal processing method according to  
claim 59, wherein, in said first and second generation  
15 steps, said first and second luminance signals are  
respectively generated by sampling the image signal at  
spatial frequencies different from each other.

65. The signal processing method according to  
20 claim 64, wherein, in said second generation step, the  
image signal is sampled to generate the second  
luminance signal at a lower spatial frequency than a  
spatial frequency used in said first generation step.

25 66. The signal processing method according to  
claim 59, wherein, in said first and second generation  
steps, the first and second luminance signals are

respectively generated by different ratios of color components of the image signal from each other.

67. The signal processing method according to  
5 claim 59, wherein, in said second generation step, the second luminance signal is generated by using a less number of color components of the image signal than a number of color components used in said first generation step to generate the first luminance signal.

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68. The signal processing method according to  
claim 58, wherein said hue difference detection step includes:

15 a hue angle acquisition step of acquiring a hue angle of each pixel;

a subtracting step of obtaining a hue angle difference between adjoining pixels; and

a diffusion step of diffusing the hue angle difference.

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69. The signal processing method according to  
claim 68, wherein said subtraction step comprises:

25 a step of obtaining a hue angle difference between a pixel of interest and its adjoining pixel in the horizontal direction;

a step of obtaining a hue angle difference between the pixel of interest and its adjoining pixel

in the vertical direction; and

a step of adding the hue angle differences in the horizontal and vertical directions.

5        70. The signal processing method according to claim 68, wherein, in said subtraction step, a hue angle difference between a pixel of interest and its adjoining pixel in the oblique direction is obtained.

10        71. The signal processing method according to claim 68, wherein, in said diffusion step, an absolute value of the hue angle difference between pixels of interest is compared to an absolute value of the hue angle difference of neighbor pixels, and when the 15 absolute value of the hue angle difference of the pixels of interest is greater than the absolute value of the hue angle difference of the neighbor pixels, the diffusion is performed.

20        72. The signal processing method according to claim 68, wherein, in said hue angle difference acquisition step, the hue angle is calculated using a color difference signal.

25        73. An image sensing apparatus comprising a signal processing apparatus of claim 1.

74. An image sensing apparatus comprising a signal processing apparatus of claim 8.

75. An image sensing apparatus comprising a signal processing apparatus of claim 22.

76. A computer program product comprising a computer usable medium having computer readable program code means embodied in said medium for a signal processing method for processing an image signal said product including:

first computer readable program code means for detecting a hue difference between adjoining pixels; and

15 second computer readable program code means for enhancing an edge pixel in an image by amplifying an edge luminance signal by a gain determined on the basis of the detected hue difference.

20 77. A computer program product comprising a computer usable medium having computer readable program code means embodied in said medium for a signal processing method for processing an image signal said product including:

25 first computer readable program code means for detecting a hue difference between adjoining pixels; second computer readable program code means for

generating a plurality of luminance signals by applying different processing on an input luminance signal;

5                   third computer readable program code means for selecting one of the plurality of luminance signals on the basis of the detected hue difference; and

                 fourth computer readable program code means for applying a predetermined signal process on the selected luminance signal.

10               78. A computer program product comprising a computer usable medium having computer readable program code means embodied in said medium for a signal processing method for processing an image signal said product including:

15               first computer readable program code means for detecting a hue difference between adjoining pixels;

                 second computer readable program code means for generating a plurality of luminance signals by applying different processing on an input luminance signal;

20               third computer readable program code means for operating the plurality of luminance signals using a value obtained on the basis of the detected hue difference and outputting an operation result; and

25               fourth applying a predetermined signal process on the outputted operation result.